Test Plan

First Version



Group B

Todor Tsekov (2228777)

Wen Zhang (2351420)

Jiaqi Ni (2217774)

Yidi W (2197301)

Kalina Petrova (2221667)

Jianfei Feng (2204529)

Abdulla Al Tuhami (289035)

Class: EI7s1/s2

Course: Project C-phase

Mentor: Bert Van Gestel

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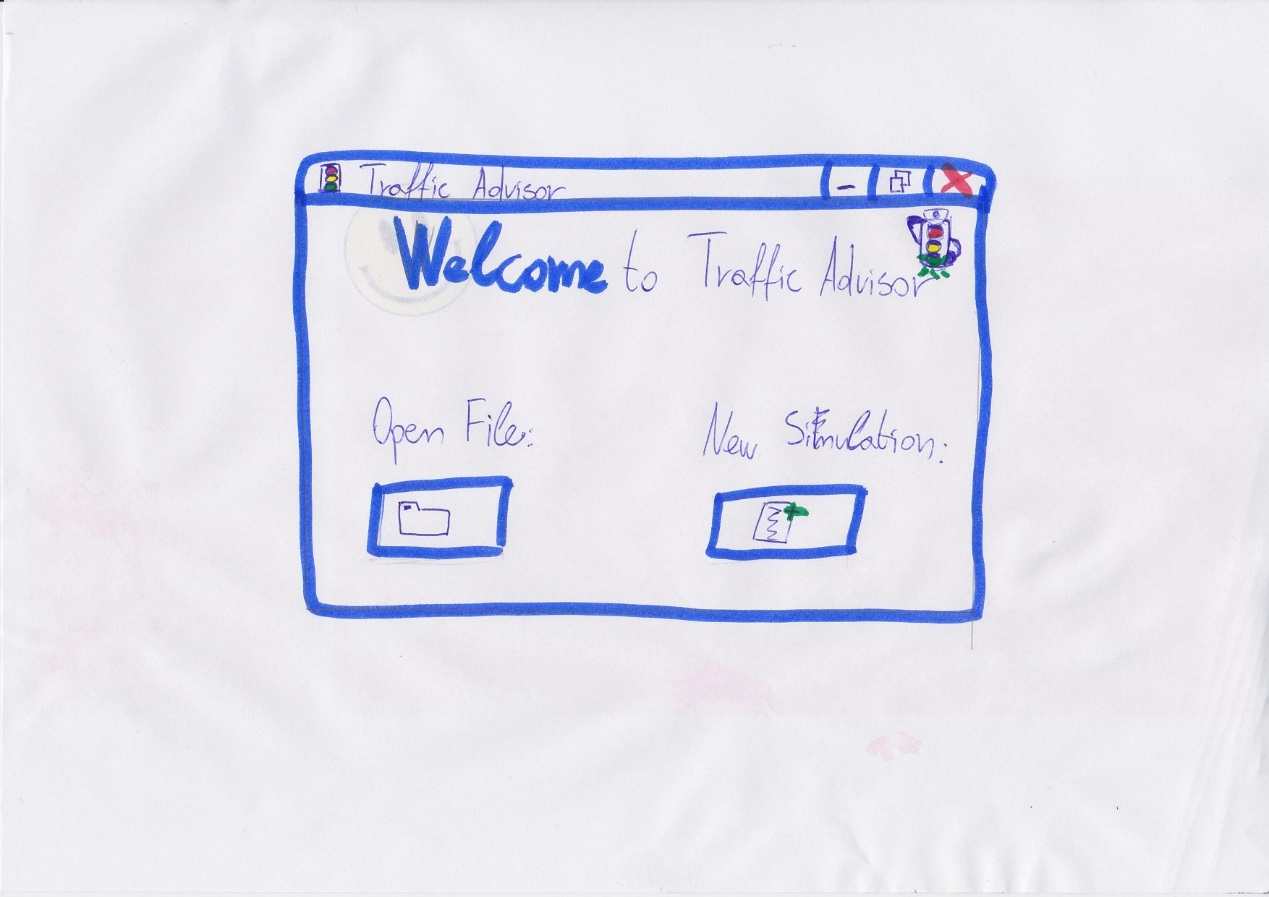
# Introduction

The purpose of this test-plan is to see whether all functionalities described in the use-cases are working correctly and whether certain undesired actions affect the program’s workflow. Instead of constant warning pop-up when a certain action is not permitted we focused on preventing the user from creating mistakes as much as possible, meaning certain functions will be disabled when they’re not supposed to be accessed.

We will conduct a small test with a handful of testers and conduct a final reconfiguration before the final acceptance test with the client.

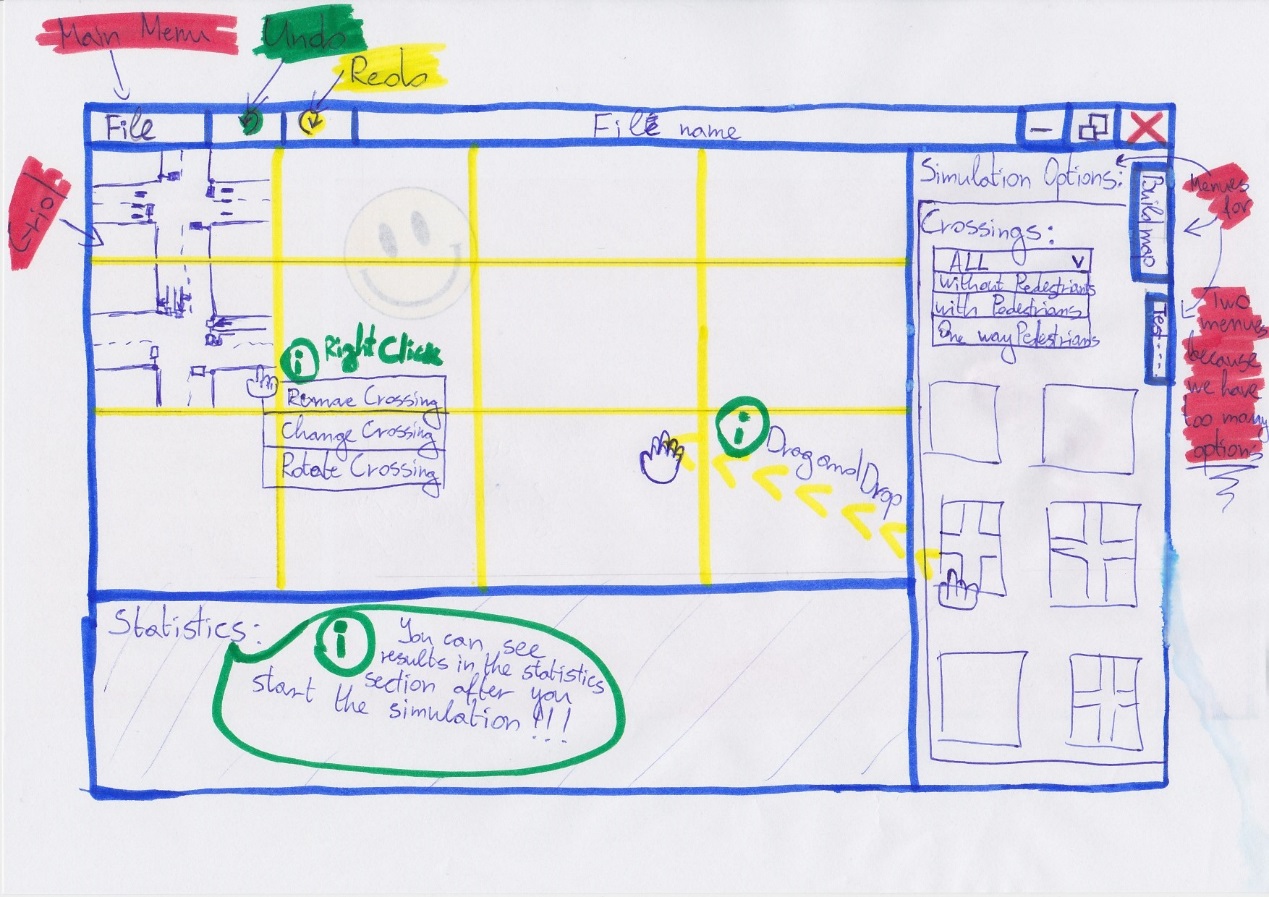
# Fig: Test Image A

Main screen:



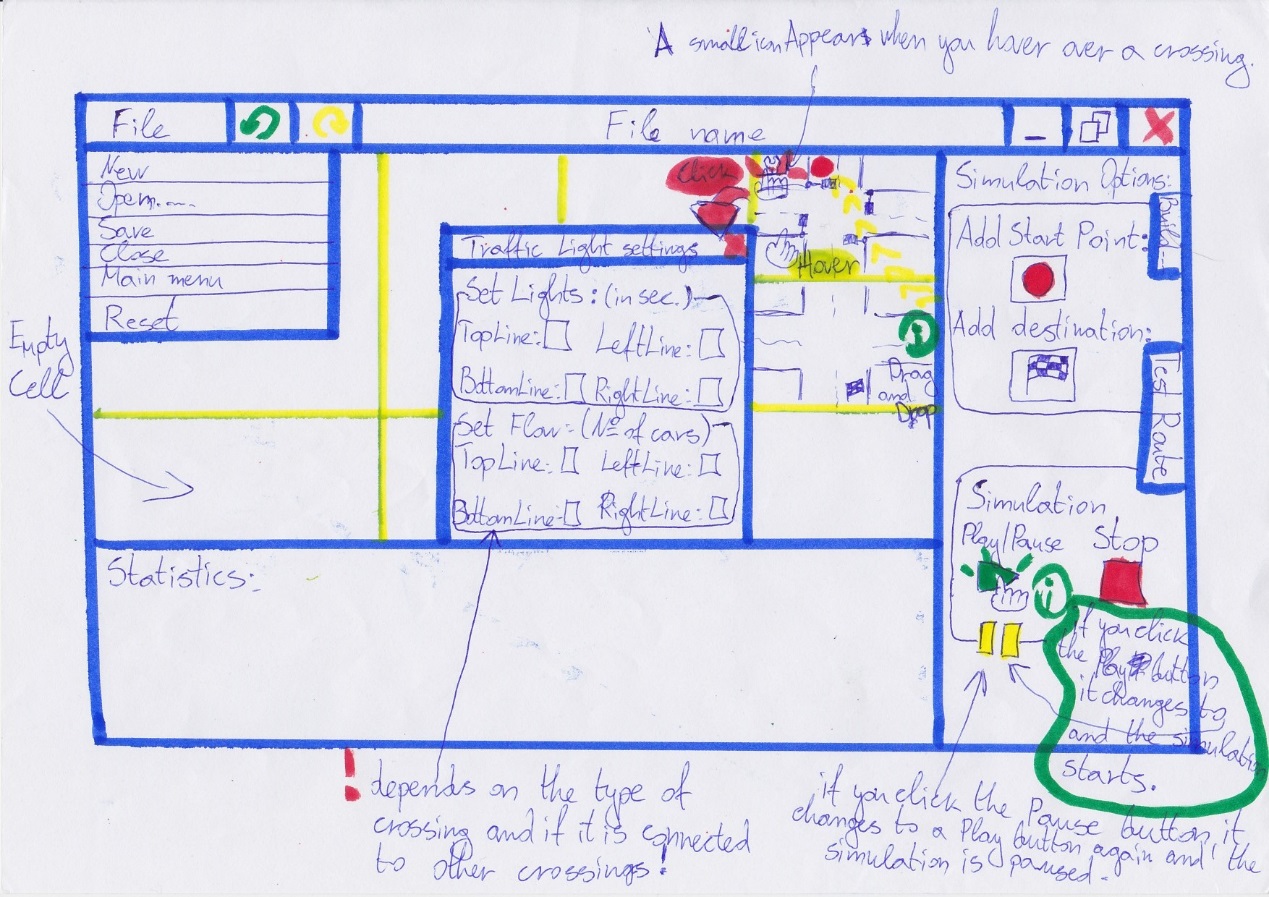
# Fig: Test Image B

## Project-grid screen



# Fig: Test Image C

Project-grid Screen



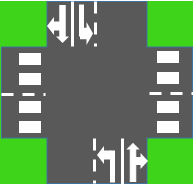
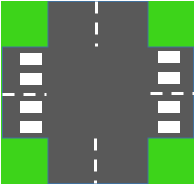
State 1:\* State 2:

State 3:\* State 4:

# Additional information:

# Crossings:

This is our proposal for suitable crossing for the traffic advisor application.



# States:

**Initial state**- where you build the simulation (crossings, etc.)

**Running state**- when you test the simulation

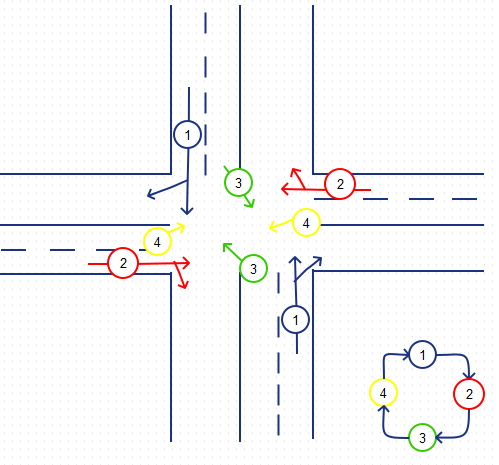
**Pause state**-where you stop to see the progress of the simulation till this point

# Traffic light states:

When we create a crossing, we will automatically create a traffic light system. Each lane of the crossing will have its own traffic light. We will combine traffic lights into groups or states as we call them. Each group will be green at a specific time of the cycle. The user will be able to change only the green time of a specified cycle and not a traffic light by itself. That way we make sure that the user doesn’t make a mistake with his inputs. Refer to the Figure bellow for an example of a traffic light system setup.

**“Change traffic light system setup” specifications:**

When a user wants to change the type of a traffic light system he’d like to use on the specified crossing. For now we have limited the user to a set of traffic light setups for different crossings. Later in the implementation we may be able to let the user create his own groups of traffic lights and create his own states.



So as you can see lanes numbered 1 will go together then they’ll switch with lanes numbered 2 and so on.

# Test Action:

**This test action are based on URS document we already made.**

Scenarios:

* Add crossing.
* Delete crossing.
* Change crossing.
* Rotate crossing.
* Modify traffic Light System.
* Change traffic Light Setup.
* Alter Flow.
* Navigate.
* Play Simulation.
* Pause Simulation.
* Stop Simulation.
* Create New Project.
* Load Project and Statistics.
* Save Project and Statistics.
* Exit Application.
* Go to Main Screen.
* Undo.
* Redo.
* Reset.

# Table content:

## Purpose:

Explains what the purpose of the taken test is. In our case we want to check if we can redirect our user to the main menu screen under certain conditions.

## Target on screen:

The actual screen commands the user will interact with.

## Test Data/Simulation:

Test our actions under different kinds of conditions and with different kinds of data to check if we have captured all the exceptions and if we take necessary precautions to prevent the action from crashing.

## Expected Result:

What is the expected result in each different case we ran the test.

## Actual Result:

The actual result that occurred during the test.

## Outcome and actions required:

Compare the Expected results and the actual results to come to conclusions what kind of actions are to be taken to fix the inaccuracies.

# Test Tables:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Test Name | Target on screen | Test Data/Simulation | Expected Result | Actual Result | Outcome and Actions required | |
| 1. | Add crossing | User choose a crossing🡪user drags a crossing to a cell🡪user drop the crossing | 1. User chooses a crossing (either type A or B) by left clicking the mouse, then drag it to a cell (cell2B). 2. User chooses a crossing (either type A or B) by left clicking the mouse, then drag it to a cell (cell3B). 3. User chooses a crossing (either type A or B) by left clicking the mouse, then drag it to a cell (cell2B). | 1.1 if the simulator is not running/paused, which means user can only see the “start” button enabled in the control panel instead of “stop” button. Then system will place that crossing in cell 2B.  1.2 if the simulator is running/paused, which means user can only see the “stop” button enabled in the control panel instead of “start” button. Then system should give an error indicating that adding crossing is only available while setting up the simulation.   * 1. Same as 1.1.   2. Same as 1.2.   3. The system will give an error indicating that it is not possible to place a crossing where there already exists an old one. |  | |  |
| 2. | Delete crossing | User right click on a crossing 🡪choose the “delete crossing”🡪confirm deletion🡪system deletes the crossing. | 1. When simulation is in “Initial state”. 2. When simulation is NOT in “Initial state”. 3. User right clicks a cell with a crossing. (in “Initial state”) 4. User right clicks a blank cell. (in “Initial state”) 5. User cancels the operation when the system is asking confirmation. | 1. System will show the option panel. 2. System will show nothing. 3. System will show the option panel 4. System will show nothing. 5. System does not delete the crossing and give a proper message. |  | |  |
| 3. | Change crossing  \* After the user chooses a new crossing, go to the test for use case “add crossing”. | User right click on a crossing 🡪choose the “change the crossing”🡪choose a crossing🡪set the traffic light🡪system changes the crossing. | 1. When simulation is in “Initial state”. 2. When simulation is NOT in “Initial state”. 3. User right clicks a cell with a crossing. (in “Initial state”) 4. User right clicks a blank cell. (in “Initial state”) 5. User gives up the operation halfway. | 1. System will show the option panel. 2. System will show nothing. 3. System will show the option panel 4. System will show nothing. 5. System cancels the operation and gives a proper message. |  | |  |
| 4. | Rotate crossing | Grid->Crossing->Right click menu->Rotate | 1. Right click on cell B2 (with crossing) then choose rotate crossing option.  2. Right click on cell C4 (without crossing) then choose rotate crossing option.  3. Start simulation. Right click on any cell.  4. Pause simulation. Right click on any cell.  5. Stop simulation. Right click on cell B2 (with crossing). Choose rotate crossing option | 1. Crossing on B2 now has rotated 90 degrees clockwise.  2. No such option should be available to user  3. Nothing happens and no options pop out  4. No Nothing happens and no options pop out  5. The crossing on B2 now has rotated 90 degrees clockwise |  | |  |
| 5. | Modify traffic light | Hover over a crossing->click left corner output icon->setting window | 1. When simulation is in “Initial state”.  2. When simulation is in “Running state”.  3. When simulation is in “Pause state”. | 1. User is able to modify traffic light for certain crossing on the grid cell. All 2 requirements will be fulfilled.  2. User is not allowed to modify traffic light for crossing. All 2 requirements stay same as previous setting.  3. User is not allowed to modify traffic light for crossing. All 2 requirements stay same as previous setting. |  | |  |
| 6. | Change traffic light setup |  |  |  |  | |  |
| 7. | Alter flow for crossing | Grid->Crossing->Right click menu->crossing setting->flow setting | 1.When simulation is in “Initial state”  2.When simulation is running  3.When simulation is paused | 1. User is allowed to alter flow for existing crossing on the grid cell.  2. User is not allowed to alter flow.  3. User is not allowed to alter flow. |  | |  |
| 8. | Navigate | Project-grid screen->Navigation button | 1. When simulation is in “Running state”.  2. When simulation is in “Paused state”.  3. When simulation is in “Initial state”. | 1.Navigation button is unavailable for users  2.Navigation button is unavailable for users  3.User clicks the navigation start point button, then user selects start point ,then clicks the destination point button and selects end point and input the flow numbers, click confirm button and the data saved or back to default value. After save value, system calculates the new data. |  | |  |
| 9. | Play Simulation | Project-grid screen ->Play simulation | 1. When simulation is in “Running state”.  2. When simulation is in “Paused state”.  3. When simulation is in “Initial state”. | 1. During the running state, play simulation button change to stop simulation button, user can only stop simulation.  2. Play simulation button is available for user to resume system.  3. Play simulation button is available for user to start system. |  | |  |
| 10. | Pause Simulation | Power-grid screen->Pause button. | 1. When simulation is in “Running state”.  2. When simulation is NOT in “Simulation running state”. | 1. The pause button appears on the place of the star button. The user clicks the pause button, the simulation is paused.  The paused button changes to play button again.  2. User will not see the pause button and cannot press it. |  | |  |
| 11. | Stop Simulation | Power-grid screen->Stop button. | 1. When simulation is in “Running state”.  2. When simulation is in “Paused state”.  3. When simulation is in “Initial state”. | 1. User is presses the Stop button .The simulation stops, The system goes to “Initial State”.  2. User is presses the Stop button .The simulation stops, The system goes to “Initial State”.  3. The stop button is disabled. |  | |  |
| 12. | Create new project | Main-Screen  ->Create a new project button. | 1. When we start the application.  2. When simulation is in “Running state”/ “Paused state”.  3. When simulation is in “Initial state”. | 1. User is clicks the Create a new project button, a pop-up menu appears, so he/she can choose where to save their file. After browsing the user clicks ok, the project is created, the system is at Project-grid screen and in initial state.  2. User needs to stop the simulation (clicks the stop button).Use point 3.  3. User clicks on the main menu icon. A pop-up menu appears-the user chooses the Create a new project option, a pop-up menu appears, so he/she can choose where to save their file. After browsing the user clicks ok, the project is created, the system is at Project-grid screen and in initial state. |  | |  |
| 13. | Load project and statistics | Main screen->Load button. | 1. When the user starts the application.  2. When simulation is in “Initial state” and saved.  3. When simulation is in “Running state”.  4. When simulation is in “Paused state”. | 1. The file is loaded, the system is at Project-grid screen and in “initial state”.  2. A message will be shown “There has existed a project”.  3. The target button is disabled.  4. A message will be shown “There has existed a project”. |  | |  |
| 14. | Save project and statistics | Power-grid screen->File->save button | 1. When simulation is in “Initial state”.  2. When simulation is in “Running state”.  3. When simulation is in “Paused state”. | 1. The file is automatically saved.  2. User cannot save the project when it is running. The button is disabled.  3. A message shows to ask the user if he’d like to stop the simulation. |  | |  |
| 15. | Exit Application | Power-grid screen->File->close button | 1. When simulation is in “Initial state” and saved.  2. When simulation is in “Initial state” and not saved.  3. When simulation is in “Running state”.  4. When simulation is in “Paused state”. | 1. The project is closed.  2. A message shows to notify user that his project has not been saved. Asks user if he’d like to save.  3. The button is disabled.  4. A message shows to ask the user if he’d like to stop the simulation. |  | |  |
| 16. | Go to main menu | File -> Go to “main menu” | 1. When simulation is in “Initial state” and progress is saved.  2. When simulation is in “Initial state” and progress is not saved.  3. When simulation is in “Paused state”.  4. When simulation is in “Running state”. | 1. User is automatically redirected to the “Main Menu” screen.  2. A command prompt pops up to notify user that his project has not been saved. Asks user if he’d like to save.  3. A command prompt pops up asking the user if he’d like to stop the simulation.  4. The target button should be inactive/ inaccessible. |  | |  |
| 17. | Undo | Undo button | 1. Perform one change on the grid and undo it.  2. No actions have been performed yet.  3. Perform 1 action then try to undo 2 times.  4. Try undo when simulation is in “Running state”. | 1. When action is performed undo button is activated. When we press it, it deactivates and change has been reverted.  2. Button should be inactive.  3.After the first undo the button should deactivate  4. The button should be inactive/inaccessible. |  | |  |
| 18. | Redo | Redo button | 1 .Make a change undo and redo it.  2. Try to redo when nothing has been undone.  3. Undo 1 time and try to redo 2 times.  4. Try to redo when simulation is in “Running state”. | 1. After the redo the change we made is the same.  2. The button should be inactive.  3. After the first redo the button deactivates. The change we have undone is back on the grid.  4. The button should be inactive/inaccessible. |  | |  |
| 19. | Reset | Reset button | 1. Make a few changes and reset.  2. Try to reset when nothing was created.  3. Try to reset when simulation is in “Running state”. | 1. The grid reverts back to its initial state/ starting point.(has no crossings)  2. The button should be inactive.  3. The button should be inactive/inaccessible. |  | |  |